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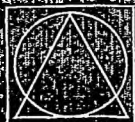
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Tittel:

System og fremgangsmåte for å gi mobiltjenester høyere
tilgjengelighet

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Field of the invention

The present invention is related to mobile services, in particular to provide higher availability of such.

Background of the invention

5 Cellular phones or mobile phones are no longer used for voice transmission only. They are now extended to also function as tools for providing simple services and content download to the users. Examples of popular services/content being available for mobile phone users are downloading of
10 logos and ring tones, directory assistance, positioning services, reservations etc. i.e. Mobile Internet Services..

In the case of GSM, GPRS and UMTS, the service bearers are usually SMS, MMS or WAP. All these bearers are in a category where the availability to the customers is characterized by a threshold in the user interface, and a certain
15 degree of technical understanding is required. In addition, for almost all SMS and MMS services and applications, the user needs to have knowledge of certain codes, syntaxes and numbers to access them. This type of services needs to be
20 advertised daily and makes the marketing very costly. Presently, the most frequent content by using SMS codes is logos and ring tones. However, it is not feasibly or efficient to use this type of syntaxes and codes for more sophisticated contents.

25 As a consequence of the abovementioned, the usage of different services offered by telecom operators and service providers tends to be lower than expected. The use of the services, and thereby technology adaptation, seems to be developing at a lower growth rate for the generality of the
30 customers, compared to the services offered.

Consequently, there is a need for a solution lowering the threshold in the user interface, making services available

on the terminals to the users, and presenting information to the users in an interactive way, so that the customer can communicate and understand the information received. Such a solution should be adapted and addressed to the majority of subscribers, utilizing the services available. The main object is to make majority of subscribers to use more of the operators' and Content Providers' Value Added Services.

Summary of the invention

10 The present invention discloses a system and a method providing the above-mentioned solution.

In particular, the system increases the availability of services and/or content accessible through a communication network with user terminals. The services and/or content is stored in or linked to one or more databases connected to said communication network. The system comprises at least an Interpreter module, a Content Logic and a Priority Logic.

20 The Interpreter Module interprets a user-entered text phrase by means of a text and grammar recognition process. The module is adapted to output commands and/or inquiries executable for the Content Logic on basis of the result of text and grammar recognition process.

25 The Content Logic is adapted to search and find services and/or content among the services and/or content in the one or more databases satisfying specifications defined by the commands and/or inquiries from the Interpreter module, and puts out found services and/or content to the Priority Logic.

30 The Priority Logic orders said found services and/or content in a priority list according to predefined priority rules.

The method of the present invention executes the steps of the system.

Brief description of the drawings

Figure 1 is a drawing of the system architecture of a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed description of preferred embodiments

The present invention discloses a system providing existing services to the customers in a user friendly and flexible way.

10 From a user's point of view, a non-standardised text phrase expressing what he/she is looking for is entered into the user's terminal, and the system responds with the services/content matching the message of the text phrase, possibly in a prioritised order. Alternatively, the system is
15 accessed and controlled by the user's voice through a voice recognition module.

The system providing this user scenario is preferably implemented in a server at a telecommunication operator, comprising three main components: Interpreter, Content Logic
20 and Priority Logic. In addition, a browser mechanism for interfacing the system towards the users will be needed. In the case of cellular phones, a SIM browser is preferably used for this purpose. The server will also have to be connected to one or more databases containing services/content
25 or links thereto.

The Interpreter

The interpreter is a text-recognition and grammar module recognizing and translating the user's own natural language into a language that the Content Logic understands. Text
30 recognition is a fast developing field, and some of the ex-

isting solutions are already applicable for this purpose. A speech recognition system can be integrated to the natural language system to extend the system to perform a voice-based service. The response can also be voice synthesized in this case. A standard text recognition and grammar module has to be adjusted to the Content Logic so that it outputs commands and queries being executable for the Content Logic. This gives the operator the opportunity to associate content with a logical response to a customer's requests or needs. I.e. the user may make his or her queries/requests by logical written sentences on the terminal display.

This module could be based on a standard of the shelf Natural Text Recognition software. A text recognition and grammar module that may be used is the Verbal Compiler written in. It runs on standard operating system with an internet information server as an automation server. An SQL server is used as information store.

The prototype Verbal Compiler is designed to be accessed by IP protocol through a slim operator-specific layer.

The prototype Verbal Compiler can access knowledge bases in several ways, e.g. by

- Using the http protocol,
- Using SQL statements and
- Internal storage.

Internally, all is defined by use of XML in the Verbal Compiler.

Externally, the Verbal Compiler communicates by use of http towards technical partners or content providers. The format must regularly be customised for each partner.

Content Logic

The Content Logic contains a set of predefined tables, matrices and commands as well as search engines to execute the desired queries and commands generated from the text entered by the user in addition to information and links to all active and current services and contents. This logic will be the gate to all contents and is connected to the CPA(Content Provider Access) and thus the billing system. The Content Logic will receive requests by means of queries and commands from the Interpreter, informing the Content Logic what kind of services/contents to search for. The Content Logic then searches through one or more databases containing all available services/contents. The services/contents are preferably categorized in several segments as, e.g., sports, weather, location based Content, etc. Other examples of services/content being available in the databases are dictionaries, encyclopaedias, traffic information and services, directory assistance, ring tones, logos, music, videos, voice mail, cinema, Mobile Commerce, positioning services etc.

If more than one service/content is found, it is left to the Priority mechanism to order the services/contents. The result of the search is then returned to the user's terminal, and by use of SIM toolkit, the service(s)/content(s) found will preferably appear in the terminal display as selectable menu options. The number of hits presented to the user, either through SMS, MMS, Mobile email, Cellbroadcast, WAP, WAP push or through voice channel (synthesized), can be numerous, but is preferably limited to a certain number, with the option to see more if requested.

Priority Logic

The Priority Logic is driven by a method for prioritising between the services/content of all the Content Providers (CP) available through the operator's network. The list is

to be organised in different segments of services fitted to be grouped together.

When the user requests a certain service or application, or asks for (general) information, the Content Logic will find
5 the most relevant services/content and relay the list to the Priority Logic. The list is then arranged in a prioritised order according to what is most likely to satisfy the user's need and/or what is most valuable for the operator. To provide this, a database containing a ranking list is
10 integrated in the priority logic. The list is segmented into different segments of services and applications.

Consequently, the user may experience a set of hits as a response to a successful request, and for this to be interesting, it is a requirement that the most popular services
15 and applications are among the hits. The user should be able to personalise the service. E.g. having the possibility to set a limit of the number of hits that is provided to him/her.

The function of the Priority Logic is for the operator to
20 organize services/content related to the end-user's requests. This will add value to the service, as the prioritised content is the most likely wanted item requested.

The motivation to implement Priority Logic is based upon the assumption that rich and solid Content Providers are
25 willing to pay according to a defined structure to be present in the hit list presented to the end user.

SIM browser

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, a SIM Browser is used for accessing the system. A SIM browser is a standard product used by several mobile operators, and resides
30 in the SIM card and can be used for menu-driven access to SMS based services and for enabling SIM application toolkit

commands. SIM Browser can be described as partly similar to a conventional Internet browser, such as, e.g., Microsoft Internet Explorer.

5 The SIM Browser receives byte coded WML-scripts from the Wireless Internet Gateway (WIG) server and runs these WML-script commands as SIM Application Toolkit (SAT) commands on the Mobile. The SIM Browser is implemented as a SIM Toolkit Application and will also use SIM Application Toolkit commands, e.g., for displaying text and getting key
10 for interaction with the user.

The SIM Browser in the context of the present invention is responsible for:

- Providing user access to the system by means of an option in the menu,
- 15 • Transmitting the user-entered text phrase to the Interpreter,
- Receiving a response and displaying it to the customer,
- Carrying out the requested operation if accepted by
20 the customer,
- Performing any end-to-end security functions if requested.

The combination with preloaded menu in the SIM and SIM Browser technique resembles that of WAP, but using the SIM
25 browser gives the advantage of direct access to the system of the present invention through a menu option in the menu system of the user's terminal without being forced to setup a WAP session or SMS semi-WAP interaction to get information. In addition, the terminal does not have to be WAP
30 configured for making use of the system. However, use of

the WAP browser and setting up a WAP session in addition to the SIM browser might be favourable in certain cases, and will also be within the scope of the present invention.

User scenario

5 In the following, the steps of an example user scenario of the present invention will be presented.

1. The user selects the menu option to access the system of the present invention, e.g. called "mGuru search".
- 10 2. The user enters a text phrase of his choice in the SIM Toolkit menu by means of his/her keyboard, e.g. "my nearest petrol station" or "petrol station in my area" or only "petrol".
3. The SIM sends this request to the Interpreter logic through SMSC, MMS, Mobile Email and OTA/WIG.
- 15 4. By means of the words "nearest" or "area" and "petrol station", the Interpreter Logic outputs a search command to the Content Logic for positioning services.
- 20 5. The Content logic finds a number of services and deliberates with the Priority Logic before sending a WML response back to the SIM Toolkit and the user including a prioritised list of the services found.
6. The attached display-text is shown to the user who either confirms/rejects the response or key in a new string.
- 25 7. This response from the SIM is relayed back to the Interpreter logic.

8. Upon user confirmation, the content provider presents his "offer" to the user and takes over the process/dialogue.

9. Finally, the user has got his/her wanted service.

5 Optionally, if the user has predetermined that the system should respond with only one service per request, the steps 6 - 9 may be replaced by one single step of presenting the result of the service being on top of the priority list directly to the user. The user would then experience the re-
10 sponse of his/her request, e.g. as a map sheet appearing on his/her display, plotting the exact route from his/her current position to the nearest petrol station.

The main advantage of the present invention is that it minimizes the threshold in the user interface of services
15 and content provided for cellular phones, and makes it very simple for the user to find wanted services, information or products. The present invention will let the user browse and find new or already known service, information or product possibilities without having to know certain SMS codes,
20 search techniques and/or telephone numbers.

Besides, the present invention will reduce the costs for advertising of SMS codes, reduce integration cost for Contents providers, and will probably multiply the sales of different Contents.



P a t e n t c l a i m s

1. A system for increasing the availability of services and/or content accessible through a communication network with user terminals, the services and/or content stored in
5 or linked to one or more databases connected to said communication network,
c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n

an Interpreter module interpreting a user-entered text phrase by means of a text and grammar recognition
10 process, said module adapted to output commands and/or inquiries executable for the Content Logic on basis of the result of text and grammar recognition process,

a Content Logic adapted to search and find services and/or content among said services and/or content in
15 said one or more databases satisfying specifications defined by the commands and/or inquiries from the Interpreter module, putting out found services and/or content to the Priority Logic,

a Priority Logic ordering said found services and/or
20 content in a priority list according to predefined priority rules.

2. System according to claim 1,
c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the Content Logic includes a number of tables and/or matrixes associating possible incoming commands and/or inquiries with search
25 strings for search engines to operate in said one or more databases and/or with links to certain services/content or groups of services/content in said one or more databases.

3. System according to claim 1 or 2,
30 c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the Priority Logic includes a ranking list prioritising at least some of the

available services/content that is being used in said ordering of the services and/or content in the priority list.

4. System according to claim 1, 2 or 3

5 c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the priority list is ordered according to what is most likely to match a user's need expressed in the commands and/or inquiries resulting from the user-entered text phrase input in the Interpreter module.

10 5. System according to one of the preceding claims, c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n a SIM browser or a WAP browser in each of the user terminals adapted to:

provide user access to the system by means of an option in each menu of the user terminals in which the text phrase is entered,

15 transmit the user-entered text phrase to the Interpreter module,

receive said priority list and display at least a part of it as selectable service(s)/content in one of said menus,

20 carry out operation(s) of user selected service(s)/content from the priority list.

6. System according to one of the preceding claims, c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the Interpreter module, the Content Logic and the Priority Logic resides in a server localised at a telecommunication operator associated with the communication network, and that the server is connected to a billing mechanism charging a user for each time he/she makes use of the system.

7. System according to one of the preceding claims, 30 c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the communication

network is a GSM, GSM/GPRS or a UMTS network and that the user terminals are cellular phones.

8. System according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in a Speech Recognition Module integrated in the Interpreter Module providing voice based user access and control to/of the system.

9. A method for increasing the availability of services and/or content accessible through a communication network with user terminals, the services and/or content stored in or linked to one or more databases connected to said communication network, characterized in

interpreting a user-entered text phrase by means of a text and grammar recognition process, putting out commands and/or inquiries on basis of the result of text and grammar recognition process,

searching services and/or content among said services and/or content in said one or more databases satisfying specifications defined by said commands and/or inquiries, putting out found services and/or content,

ordering said found services and/or content in a priority list according to predefined priority rules.



A b s t r a c t

A system and a method providing higher availability of mobile services are disclosed. From a user's point of view, a non-standardised text phrase expressing what he/she is looking for is entered into the user's terminal, and the system responds with the services/content matching the message of the text phrase, possibly in a prioritised order. Alternatively, the system is accessed and controlled by the user's voice through a voice recognition module. The system providing this user scenario is preferably implemented in a server at a telecommunication operator, comprising three main components: Interpreter, Content Logic and Priority Logic. In addition, a browser mechanism for interfacing the system towards the users will be needed. In the case of cellular phones, a SIM browser is preferably used for this purpose. The server will also have to be connected to one or more databases containing services/content or links thereto.



